Meeting of:	CABINET		
Date of Meeting:	18 JULY 2023		
Report Title:	TREASURY MANAGEMENT QUARTER 1 2023-24		
Report Owner / Corporate Director:	CHIEF OFFICER – FINANCE, PERFORMANCE AND CHANGE		
Responsible Officer:	NIGEL SMITH, GROUP MANAGER – CHIEF ACCOUNTANT		
Policy Framework and Procedure Rules:	Para 22.5 Financial Procedure Rules require the Chief Finance Officer shall report quarterly to the Cabinet, summarising borrowing and investment activity and indicating compliance with any statutory or Council approved guidelines together with a half yearly and an annual report to Council.		
Executive Summary:	The report provides an update of Treasury Management activity for the first quarter 1 April – 30 June 2023.		
	As at 30 June 2023 the Council had £99.79 million of long term debt, £13.80 million of other long term liabilities and £94.00 million of short term investments, an overall net debt position of £19.59 million.		
	The average interest rate for debt was 4.69% (excluding Salix borrowing which is interest free) and for investments it was 4.16%.		
	The Council has a manageable maturity structure of borrowing, with its current debt repayable at various points over the next 30 years.		
	The Council has complied with the CIPFA Treasury Management Code and Welsh Government Investment Guidance.		

1. Purpose of Report

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to:
 - Comply with the requirement of the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's 'Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice' (the Code) to report an overview of treasury activities for the preceding financial year.
 - Report on the Treasury Management Indicators for quarter 1 2023-24.

2. Background

- 2.1 Treasury Management is the management of the Council's cash flows, borrowing and investments, and the associated risks. The Council is exposed to financial risks including the loss of invested funds and the revenue effect of changing interest rates. The successful identification, monitoring and control of financial risk are therefore central to the Council's prudent financial management.
- 2.2 Treasury risk management at the Council is conducted within the framework of the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's (CIPFA's) Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice 2021 edition (the CIPFA Code), which requires the Council to approve a Treasury Management Strategy before the start of each financial year, and, as a minimum, a semi-annual and annual treasury outturn report. The CIPFA Code also requires the Council to set a number of Treasury Management Indicators, which are forward looking parameters, and enable the Council to measure and manage its exposure to treasury management risks, and these are included throughout this report. In addition, Welsh Government (WG) issued revised Guidance on Local Authority Investments in November 2019 that requires the Council to approve an Investment Strategy before the start of each financial year. This report fulfils the Council's legal obligation under the Local Government Act 2003 to have regard to both the CIPFA Code and the Welsh Government Guidance.
- 2.3 In 2021 CIPFA published an updated version of the Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities (the Prudential Code). The Prudential Code includes a requirement for Local Authorities to provide a Capital Strategy, which is a summary document approved by full Council covering capital expenditure and financing, treasury management and non-treasury investments. The definition of investments in the revised 2021 CIPFA Code covers all the financial assets of the Council as well as other non-financial assets which the authority holds primarily for financial return. The Council's Capital Strategy 2023-24, complied with CIPFA's requirement and included the Prudential Indicators along with the details regarding the Council's non-treasury investments. The Capital Strategy and Treasury Management Strategy should be read in conjunction with each other as they are interlinked, as borrowing and investments are directly impacted upon by capital plans and both were approved together by Council on 1 March 2023.
- 2.4 The Council's treasury management advisors are Arlingclose. The current services provided to the Council include:
 - advice and guidance on relevant policies, strategies and reports
 - advice on investment decisions
 - notification of credit ratings and changes
 - other information on credit quality
 - advice on debt management decisions
 - accounting advice
 - reports on treasury performance
 - forecasts of interest rates
 - training courses

3. Current situation / proposal

3.1 External Context – Economic Background

- 3.1.1 During the first quarter of 2023-24, April to June, inflation remained high. This, coupled with a rise in interest rates and the impending timing of re-mortgaging, continues to cause concern about the impact on household budgets and spending
- 3.1.2 Central Bank rhetoric and actions remained consistent with combatting inflation. The Bank of England, US Federal Reserve, and European Central Bank all continued to increase interest rates during the period, even in the face of potential economic slowdowns in those regions.
- 3.1.3 Although the annual CPI measure of UK inflation continues to fall from its peak of 11.1% reached in October 2022, the May 2023 figure was higher than forecast at 8.7% (compared to forecast of 8.4%).
- 3.1.4 Gross Domestic Product growth, or the measure of the size and health of the country's economy over a period of time, was confirmed as 0.1% for quarter 1. The housing market appears to have stalled with consumer demand weakening but appears to suggest recovery despite high interest rates.
- 3.1.5 Pay growth in the labour market was 6.5% for total pay (including bonuses) whilst for regular pay it was 7.2%. This growth is negative when adjusted for inflation. Although the rate of employment rose to 76% there was also an increase in the rate of unemployment to 3.8%.
- 3.1.6 The Bank of England increased the official Bank Rate by 0.25% in May and by 0.5% in June, taking the Bank Rate to 5.0%.

3.2 Public Works Loan Board (PWLB) Lending Facility Advice, Revised CIPFA Codes

- 3.2.1 The Council continues to undertake its duties in line with the current guidance for the PWLB lending facility which was significantly revised by HM Treasury in August 2021. Authorities that are purchasing or intending to purchase investment assets primarily for yield, or financial return, will not be able to access the PWLB except to refinance existing loans or externalise internal borrowing. Acceptable use of PWLB borrowing includes service delivery, housing, regeneration, preventative action, refinancing and treasury management.
- 3.2.2 The Council's treasury management activities are undertaken in line with CIPFA's Prudential Code for Capital Finance and CIPFA's Treasury Management Code. To comply with the Prudential Code authorities must not borrow to invest primarily for financial return. The Prudential Code also states it is not prudent for local authorities to make investment or spending decisions that will increase the Capital Financing Requirement (CFR) unless directly and primarily related to the functions of the authority. Existing commercial investments are not required to be sold, however, authorities with existing commercial investments who expect to need to borrow should review the options for exiting these investments. The Council has complied with the full requirements of both codes during the first quarter of 2023-24.

3.3 Treasury Management Quarter 1 2023-24

- 3.3.1 The Council has complied with its legislative and regulatory requirements during the current year 2023-24. The Treasury Management Strategy 2023-24 was approved by Council on 1 March 2023. The outturn position for 2022-23 was presented to Council on 21 June 2023.
- 3.3.2 A summary of the treasury management activities covering the first quarter of 2023-24 is shown in the Treasury Management Quarterly Report to 30 June 2023 at **Appendix A**. The Council's external debt and investment position at 30 June 2023 is shown in Table 1 below, and more detail is provided within the appendix; Section 3: External Debt and Investment Position, Section 4: Borrowing and Section 5 Treasury Investments. As similar to the previous year, no long-term borrowing has been taken out in 2023-24 and no debt rescheduling has been undertaken as there has been no opportunity to make significant savings. However, should the opportunity arise to reschedule any loans at a preferential rate, this would be done.

Favourable cash flows have provided surplus funds for investment and the balance on investments held at 30 June 2023 was £94 million, with an average interest rate of 4.16%. The total of balance held has increased in comparison to those held at 31 March 2023, when the balance held was £74.50 million and the average interest rate has also increased in comparison to the previous year which was 2.55%.

Investments for Treasury Purposes	Principal as at 31/03/2023	Principal as at 30/06/2023	Average Rate 30/06/2023
	£m	£m	%
External Long Term Borrowing			
Public Works Loan Board	77.62	77.62	4.70
Lender's Option Borrower's Option	19.25	19.25	4.65
Salix Loans (interest Free)	3.06	2.92	NIL
Total External Long Term Borrowing	99.93	99.79	4.69*
Other Long Term Liabilities			
Private Finance Initiative**	13.90	13.57	
Other Long Term Liabilities	0.23	0.23	
Total Other Long Term Liabilities	14.13	13.80	
Total Gross Debt	114.06	113.59	
Investments for treasury management purposes			
Debt Management Office	7.50	18.00	4.57
Local Authorities	53.00	40.00	3.62
Money Market Funds (instant access)	NIL	23.00	4.79
Banks	14.00	13.00	4.12
Total Treasury Investments	74.50	94.00	4.16
Net Debt	39.56	19.59	

Table 1: Council's external debt and investment position as of 30 June 2023

* Excluding Salix which are interest free

** (PFI) arrangement for the provision of a Secondary School in Maesteg 10.75 years remaining term

- 3.3.3 The £19.25 million in Table 1 above relates to Lender's Option Borrower's Option (LOBO) loans which have a maturity date of 2054 though these may be rescheduled in advance of this maturity date. The LOBO rate and term may vary in the future depending on the prevailing rates at one of the bi-annual trigger points (these being July and January) and, therefore, the Council being given the option to accept the increase or repay the loan without incurring a penalty. There have been significant interest rate rises, with an expectation that they may rise further thus the lender could still exercise this option in a future interest rate environment.
- 3.3.4 The Total Other Long Term Liabilities figure of £13.80 million at 30 June 2023 includes £13.57 million for the Council's Private Finance initiative (PFI) arrangement for the provision of a Secondary School in Maesteg. The Other Long Term Liabilities are for the Innovation Centre and Waste Contract.
- 3.3.5 Both the CIPFA Code and Welsh Government Guidance require the Council to invest its funds prudently and to have regard to the security and liquidity of its investments before seeking the highest rate of return, or yield. The Council's objective when investing money is to strike an appropriate balance between risk and return. Investment decisions are made by reference to the lowest published long-term credit rating from Fitch, Moody's or Standard and Poor's to ensure that this lies within the Councils' agreed minimum credit rating.
- 3.3.6 The Council defines high credit quality as organisations and securities having a credit rating of A- (A3 for Moody's) or higher and the Council does not invest in any organisation below this level. Schedule A shows the equivalence table for credit ratings for Fitch, Moody's, and Standard and Poor's and explains the different investment grades.
- 3.3.7 There was one long-term investment (original duration of 12 months or more) outstanding as at 30 June 2023 for £5 million with Medway Council. All other investments at 30 June 2023 were short term deposits including instant access and notice accounts.
- 3.3.8 The Treasury Management Code requires the Council to set and report on a number of Treasury Management Indicators. The indicators either summarise the expected activity or introduce limits upon the activity. Details of the estimates for 2023-24 set out in the Council's TMS compared to the actual at 30 June 2023 are shown in the appendix and these show that the Council operated within the approved limits throughout the period

4. Equality implications (including Socio-economic Duty and Welsh Language)

4.1 The protected characteristics identified within the Equality Act, Socio-economic Duty and the impact on the use of the Welsh Language have been considered in the preparation of this report. As a public body in Wales the Council must consider the impact of strategic decisions, such as the development or the review of policies, strategies, services and functions. This is an information report, therefore it is not necessary to carry out an Equality Impact assessment in the production of this report. It is considered that there will be no significant or unacceptable equality impacts as a result of this report.

5. Well-being of Future Generations implications and connection to Corporate Well-being Objectives

5.1 The well-being goals identified in the Act were considered in the preparation of this report. It is considered that there will be no significant or unacceptable impacts upon the achievement of well-being goals/objectives because of this report.

6. Climate Change Implications

6.1 The Climate Change implications were considered in the preparation of this report. It is considered that there will be no significant or unacceptable impacts upon the environment because of this report.

7. Safeguarding and Corporate Parent Implications

7.1 The Safeguarding and Corporate Parenting implications were considered in the preparation of this report. It is considered that there will be no significant or unacceptable impacts upon Safeguarding and Corporate parenting because of this report

8. Financial Implications

8.1 The financial implications are reflected within the report.

9. Recommendations

- 9.1 It is recommended that Cabinet:
 - Note the treasury management activities for 2023-24 for the period 1 April 2023 to 30 June 2023
 - Note the Treasury Management Indicators for the quarter ending 30 June 2023 against those approved in the Treasury Management Strategy 2023-24.

Background documents

None